

Branching stochastic processes as models of Covid-19 epidemic development

Hungary - week 53

N. Yanev, V. Stoimenova, D. Atanasov

Branching stochastic processes as models of Covid-19 epidemic development : Hungary - week 53

Abstract

The results presented here are obtained using the methodology proposed in the paper <https://arxiv.org/abs/2004.14838> for the country Hungary. The data comes from European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control available at <https://opendata.ecdc.europa.eu/covid19/casedistribution/csv>.

Table of Contents

1. Observed Infection data	1
2. Estimating of the main parameter and some predictions	3

List of Figures

1.1. Number of the weekly reported laboratory-confirmed cases	1
1.2. Number of the total registered cases	2
2.1. The Lotka-Nagaev and the Harris type estimator of the growth rate	3
2.2. Figure	4
2.3. Expected number of the nonregistered infected individuals without immigra- tion	5
2.4. Expected number of the nonregistered infected individuals with immigration	6

Chapter 1. Observed Infection data

Figure 1.1. Number of the weekly reported laboratory-confirmed cases

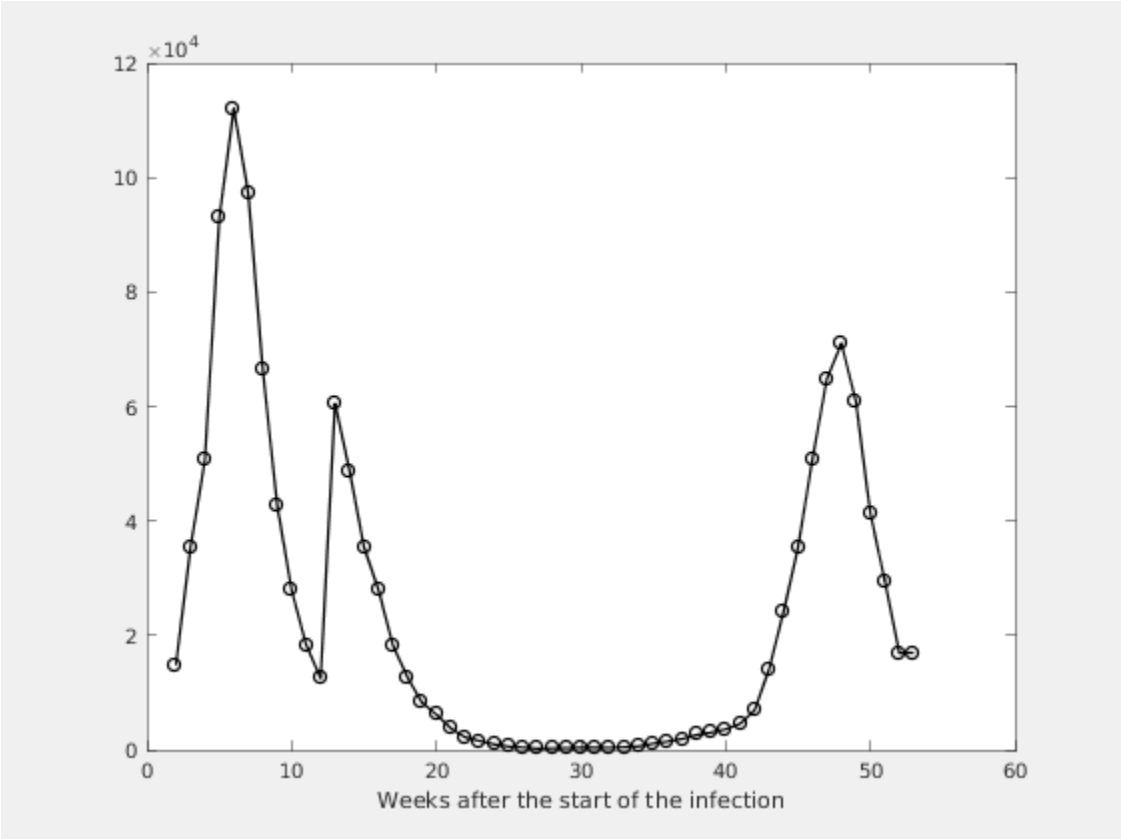
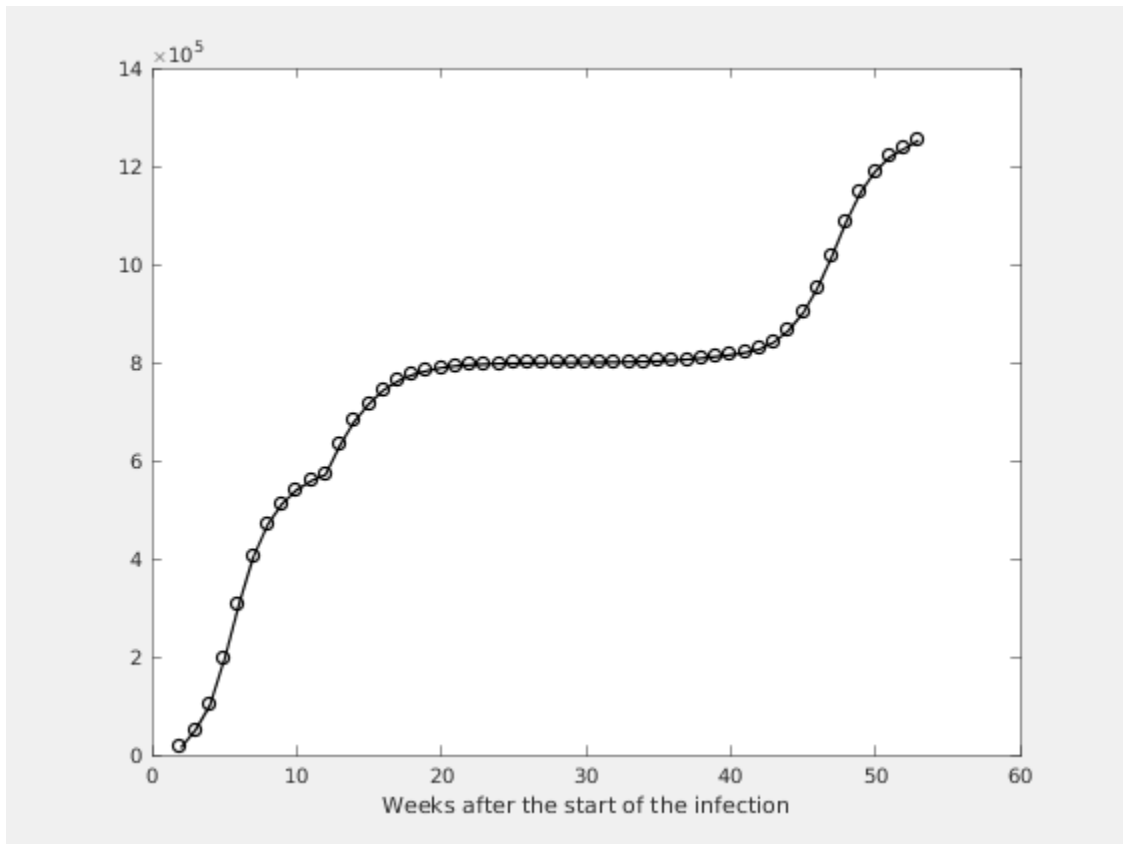


Figure 1.2. Number of the total registered cases



Chapter 2. Estimating of the main parameter and some predictions

Figure 2.1. The Lotka-Nagaev and the Harris type estimator of the growth rate

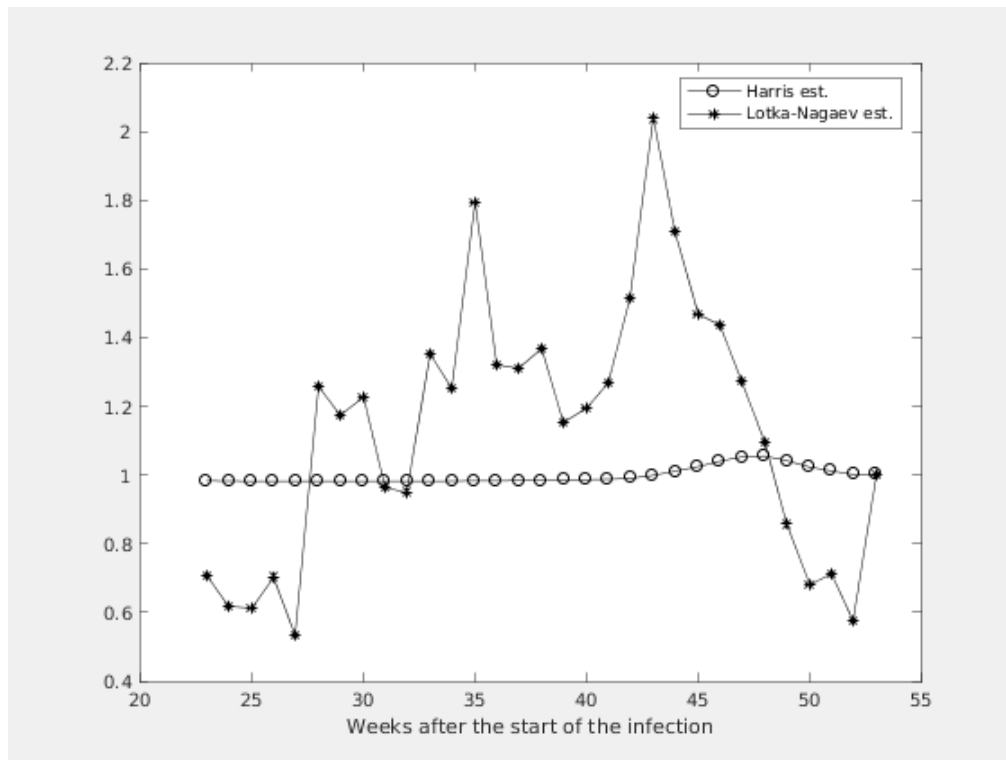


Figure 2.2. Figure

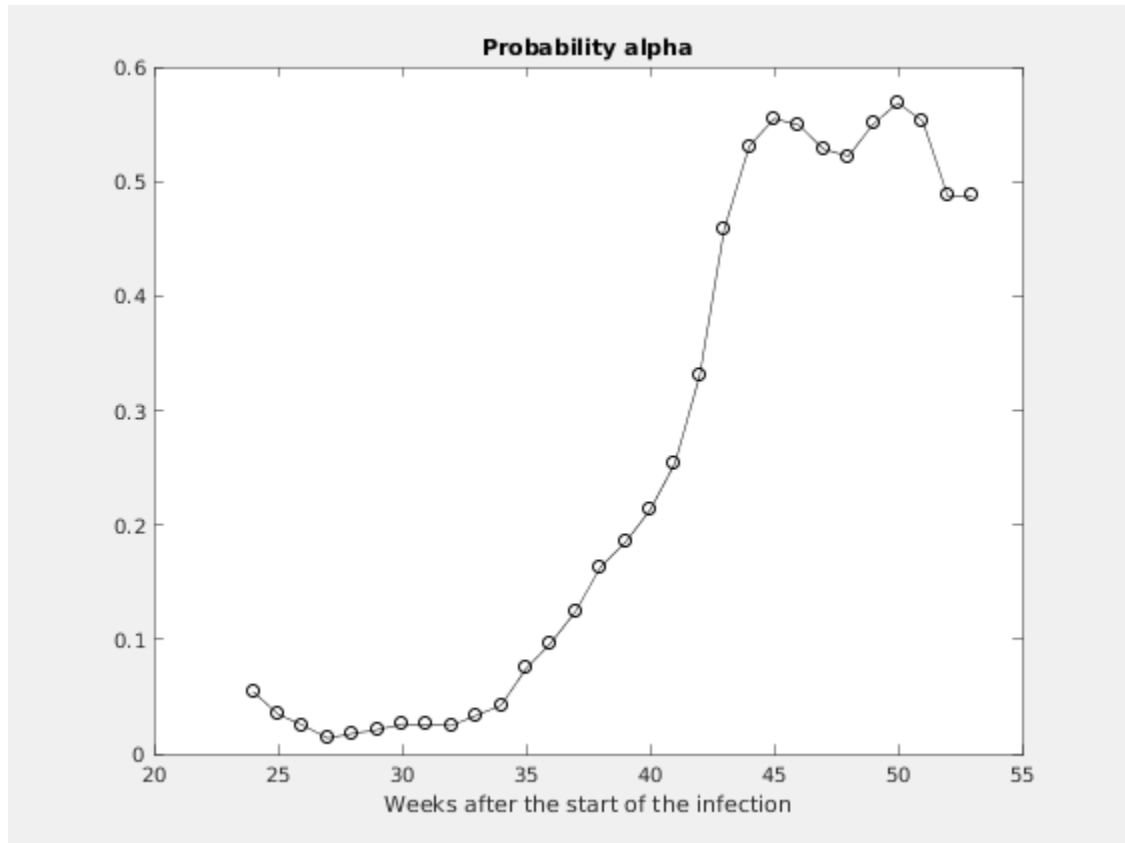


Figure 2.3. Expected number of the nonregistered infected individuals without immigration

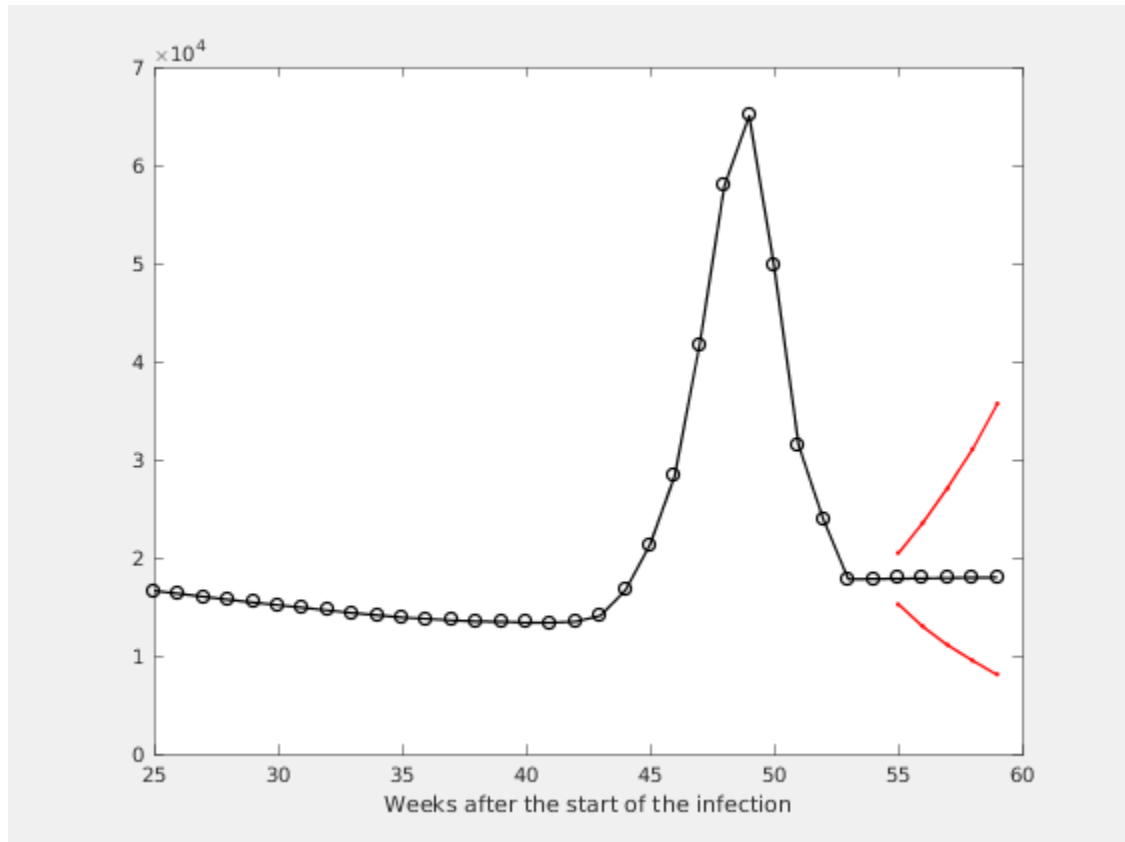
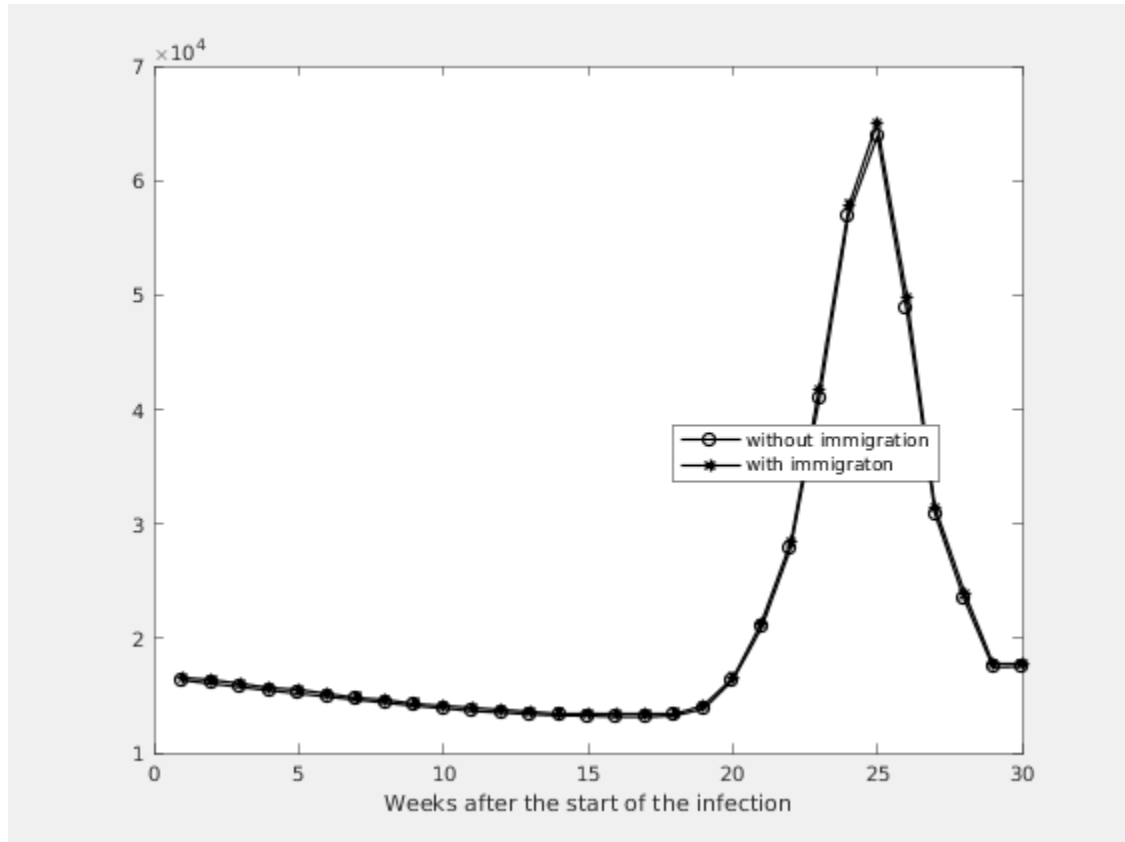


Figure 2.4. Expected number of the nonregistered infected individuals with immigration



Estimation of the model parameters.

k	m	ci	alpha	A1	M1
4	1.0424	0.8687 - 1.2160	0.5283	57916	56909
3	1.0231	0.8567 - 1.1896	0.5221	65014	63884
2	1.0123	0.8525 - 1.1721	0.5502	49745	48880
1	1.0017	0.8463 - 1.1572	0.5687	31378	30833
0	1.0017	0.8498 - 1.1537	0.5527	23840	23425